

# EXHIBIT A

COOLEY LLP  
BOBBY GHAJAR (198719)  
(bghajar@cooley.com)  
COLETTE GHAZARIAN (322235)  
(cghazarian@cooley.com)  
1333 2nd Street, Suite 400  
Santa Monica, California 90401  
Telephone: (310) 883-6400  
MARK WEINSTEIN (193043)  
(mweinstein@cooley.com)  
KATHLEEN HARTNETT (314267)  
(khartnett@cooley.com)  
JUDD LAUTER (290945)  
(jlauter@cooley.com)  
ELIZABETH L. STAMESHKIN (260865)  
(lstameshkin@cooley.com)  
3175 Hanover Street  
Palo Alto, CA 94304-1130  
Telephone: (650) 843-5000  
CLEARY GOTTlieb STEEN & HAMILTON LLP  
ANGELA L. DUNNING (212047)  
(adunning@cgsh.com)  
1841 Page Mill Road, Suite 250  
Palo Alto, CA 94304  
Telephone: (650) 815-4131

*[Full Listing on Signature Page]*

*Counsel for Defendant Meta Platforms, Inc.*

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
**NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
**SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION**

RICHARD KADREY, *et al.*,  
Individual and Representative  
Plaintiffs,  
v.  
META PLATFORMS, INC., a Delaware  
corporation;  
Defendant.

Case No. 3:23-cv-03417-VC

**DEFENDANT META PLATFORMS, INC.'S  
OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO  
PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR  
ADMISSIONS**

**PROPOUNDING PARTY:** PLAINTIFFS RICHARD KADREY, SARAH SILVERMAN, CHRISTOPHER GOLDEN, TA-NEHISI COATES, JUNOT DÍAZ, ANDREW SEAN GREER, DAVID HENRY HWANG, MATTHEW KLAM, LAURA LIPPMAN, RACHEL LOUISE SNYDER, JACQUELINE WOODSON, LYSA TERKEURST, AND CHRISTOPHER FARNSWORTH

**RESPONDING PARTY:** DEFENDANT META PLATFORMS, INC.

**SET NUMBER:** ONE

Pursuant to Rule 36 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (“Rules”), Defendant Meta Platforms, Inc. (“Meta”) responds as follows to Plaintiffs Richard Kadrey, Sarah Silverman, Christopher Golden, Ta-Nehisi Coates, Junot Díaz, Andrew Sean Greer, David Henry Hwang, Matthew Klam, Laura Lippman, Rachel Louise Snyder, Jacqueline Woodson, Lysa TerKeurst, and Christopher Farnsworth’s First Set of Requests for Admissions (“Requests”).

**I. RESPONSES TO ALL REQUESTS**

1. Meta’s responses to the Requests are made to the best of Meta’s present knowledge, information, and belief. Said responses are at all times subject to such additional or different information that discovery or further investigation may disclose, and Meta reserves the right to amend, revise, correct, supplement, or clarify the responses and objections propounded herein.

2. To the extent that Meta responds to Plaintiff’s Requests by stating that Meta will provide information and/or documents which Meta or any other party to this litigation deems to embody material that is private, business confidential, proprietary, trade secret, or otherwise protected from disclosure pursuant to Rule 26(c)(7) or Federal Rule of Evidence 501, Meta will do so pursuant to the Stipulated Protective Order entered in this case (Dkt. 90).

3. The provision of a response to any of these Requests does not constitute a waiver of any objection regarding the use of said response in these proceedings. Meta reserves all objections or other questions as to the competency, relevance, materiality, privilege or admissibility as evidence in any subsequent proceeding in or trial of this or any other action for any purpose whatsoever of this response and any document or thing produced in response to the Requests.

4. Meta reserves the right to object on any ground at any time to such other or supplemental requests for admission that Plaintiffs may propound involving or relating to the subject matter of these Requests.

## II. OBJECTIONS TO INSTRUCTIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Whether or not separately set forth in response to each Request, Meta makes these objections to the following Instructions and Definitions.

1. Meta objects to all defined terms to the extent that they are not utilized in Plaintiffs' First Set of Requests for Admission.

2. Meta objects to the definition of "Complaint," which refers to the production of documents in response to Plaintiffs' Requests for Admission. Meta will construe "Complaint" to refer to Plaintiffs' Corrected Second Consolidated Amended Complaint (Dkt. 133), filed September 9, 2024.

3. Meta objects to the definition of "Dataset(s)" as vague, ambiguous, as to the phrase "all collections of data," which is indefinite and overbroad. Meta further objects to the definition of "Dataset(s)" as vague and ambiguous as to the phrase "referenced, or intended to be used," which, read literally, would encompass any dataset referenced by any Meta employee in the context of the development, training, validation, testing, or evaluation of LLMs and any datasets that were intended for such use but not actually used. Meta further objects to this definition to the extent it purports to include datasets that include content to which Plaintiffs have made no claim of ownership and which are not the subject of any allegations of copyright infringement by Plaintiffs. Meta will construe "Dataset(s)" to mean the textual datasets used to train the Llama Models (as construed below).

4. Meta objects to the definition of "Llama Models" as vague and ambiguous as to the terms and phrases "other AI models," "instances," "iterations," "versions," "updates," "modifications," "original version," "experimental versions," "subsequent versions," and "refinements to the underlying algorithm, parameters, or architecture," as applied to Llama and "any other AI models developed or in development by Meta." Meta further objects to this definition as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to require Meta to produce documents concerning large language models ("LLMs") that were not publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs' allegedly copyrighted works. For the same reason, Meta objects to this definition to the

1 extent that it purports to require Meta to produce documents that are not relevant to any party's  
2 claims or defenses. Meta will construe "Llama Models" to mean the models within the Llama  
3 family of LLMs that have been publicly released by Meta, namely, Llama 1, Llama 2, Code Llama,  
4 and Llama 3.

5       **5.** Meta objects to the definitions of "Llama 1," "Llama 2," and "Llama 3" as vague  
6 and ambiguous as to the undefined terms "precursor models" and "variant models." Meta further  
7 objects to these definitions as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to the needs of  
8 the case to the extent that it purports to require Meta to produce documents or information  
9 concerning LLMs that were not publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that  
10 include any of Plaintiffs' allegedly copyrighted works. For the same reason, Meta objects to these  
11 definitions to the extent that they purport to require Meta to produce documents or information  
12 concerning LLMs that are not relevant to any party's claims or defenses. For purposes of these  
13 responses, Meta construes the term "Llama 1" to refer to the LLM released by Meta as Llama on  
14 February 24, 2023, the term "Llama 2" to refer to the LLM released by Meta under that name on  
15 July 18, 2023, and the term "Llama 3" to refer to the LLMs released by Meta under that name on  
16 April 18, 2024, July 23, 2024, and September 25, 2024.

17       **6.** Meta objects to the definition of "Meta" as overbroad and unduly burdensome to the  
18 extent it seeks to impose on Meta an obligation to investigate information or documents outside of  
19 its possession, custody, or control. For purposes of these responses, Meta construes the term  
20 "Meta" or "You" to mean Meta Platforms, Inc. and its officers, directors, employees, and  
21 authorized agents working on its behalf and subject to its control.

22       **7.** Meta objects to the definition of "Relevant Period" as vague, ambiguous, and  
23 unintelligible, as it is defined circularly to mean "all times relevant to ... the Complaint." Meta  
24 construes the Relevant Period to mean January 1, 2022 to the present.

25       **8.** Meta objects to Instruction 4 to the extent it purports to require more of Meta than  
26 any obligation imposed by law, and to the extent it purports to require Meta to disclose information  
27 protected by attorney-client privilege and/or the attorney work product doctrine.  
28

1           **9.**       Meta objects to Instruction 5 as overbroad and unduly burdensome to the extent it  
2 purports to require more of Meta than any obligation imposed by law.

3           **10.**       Meta objects to Instruction 8 insofar as it provides that any Request will be deemed  
4 admitted as a result of an undefined "inadequate" response, without requiring Plaintiffs to bring a  
5 motion regarding the sufficiency of an answer or objection, as required under Fed. R. Civ. P.  
6 36(a)(6).

### 7       **III.     OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO INDIVIDUAL DOCUMENT REQUESTS**

#### 8       **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:**

9           Admit that Meta created and maintains the large language models known as Llama.

#### 10       **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:**

11           Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
12 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
13 as compound.

14           Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
15 admits that it created a family of generative artificial intelligence ("AI") large language models  
16 known under variations of the "Llama" name (i.e., Llama 1, Llama 2, Llama 3), which Meta  
17 released under open source licenses. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies the Request.

#### 18       **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:**

19           Admit that the Llama Models are large language models designed to emit naturalistic text  
20 outputs in response to user prompts.

#### 21       **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:**

22           Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
23 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the terms  
24 "designed to" and "naturalistic" as vague and ambiguous, as it is unclear whether this Request is  
25 asking for an admission regarding Meta's intended purpose of the Llama Models or about their  
26 functionality.

27

28

1 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
2 admits that one of the functions of the Llama Models is to emit natural language text outputs in  
3 response to user prompts. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies the Request.

4 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:**

5 Admit that the Dataset used to train Llama 1 included copyrighted books.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
8 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
9 “Dataset” as vague and ambiguous, to the extent it suggests that Meta used a single dataset to train  
10 Llama 1. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion as to  
11 “copyrighted books,” and on the ground that it does not specify any copyrighted books or otherwise  
12 define this term.

13 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
14 admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more books is  
15 included in a Dataset used to train Llama 1. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text also  
16 appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is  
17 covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those books, Meta denies this RFA.

18 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:**

19 Admit that the Dataset used to train Llama 2 included copyrighted books.

20 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:**

21 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
22 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
23 “Dataset” as vague and ambiguous, to the extent it suggests that Meta used a single dataset to train  
24 Llama 2. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion as to  
25 “copyrighted books,” and on the ground that it does not specify any copyrighted books or otherwise  
26 define this term.

27 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
28 admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more books is

1 included in a Dataset used to train Llama 2. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text also  
2 appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit what is  
3 covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those books, Meta denies this RFA.

4 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5:**

5 Admit that the Dataset used to train Llama 3 included copyrighted books.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
8 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
9 “Dataset” as vague and ambiguous, to the extent it suggests that Meta used a single dataset to train  
10 Llama 3. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion.

11 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
12 admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more books is  
13 included in a Dataset used to train Llama 3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text also  
14 appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit what is  
15 covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those books, Meta denies this RFA.

16 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 6:**

17 Admit that the Dataset used or that will be used to train Llama 4 included copyrighted books.

18 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 6:**

19 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
20 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
21 “Dataset” as vague and ambiguous, to the extent it suggests that Meta used a single dataset to train  
22 Llama 4. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion as to  
23 “copyrighted books,” and on the ground that it does not specify any copyrighted books or otherwise  
24 define this term. Meta objects to this Request as purely speculative and not relevant to the claims  
25 or defenses of any party insofar as Meta has not yet released Llama 4 and Meta is in the process of  
26 finalizing the data corpus for Llama 4.

27 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
28 admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more books is



1 included in a Dataset that may be used to train Llama 4. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether  
2 that text also appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit  
3 what is covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those books, Meta denies this  
4 RFA.

5 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 7:**

6 Admit that You did not obtain permission or consent from the relevant copyright owners to  
7 use all copyrighted books in the Datasets used to train Llama Models.

8 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 7:**

9 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
10 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the Request  
11 as vague, ambiguous, and unintelligible as to “use all copyrighted books in the Datasets.” Meta  
12 also objects on the ground that the terms “relevant copyright owners” and “copyrighted books” are  
13 vague, ambiguous, indefinite, undefined, and overbroad in that they are untethered to the allegedly  
14 copyright registered works at issue in this Action. Meta objects to the Request as compound insofar  
15 as it seeks an admission as to multiple datasets used to train Llama Models. Meta objects to this  
16 Request to the extent it improperly suggests that Meta participated in the selection of books or other  
17 content to be included in the datasets used to train the Llama Models or that Meta was required to  
18 obtain permission from copyright owners to train the Llama Models on any unspecified content of  
19 books they authored or to which they own the copyright.

20 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: As  
21 written, Meta is unable to respond to this Request and on that basis denies the Request. Meta is  
22 willing to meet and confer to understand how to interpret this Request.

23 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 8:**

24 Admit that You did not obtain permission from Plaintiffs to include the content of books  
25 they authored in the Datasets used to train Llama Models.

26 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 8:**

27 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
28 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the Request

1 as compound insofar as it seeks an admission as to multiple datasets used to train Llama Models.  
2 Meta further objects on the ground that the term “content of books they authored” is vague,  
3 ambiguous, indefinite, undefined, and overbroad in that it is untethered to the allegedly copyright  
4 registered works at issue in this Action. Meta objects to this Request to the extent it improperly  
5 suggests that Meta participated in the selection of books or other content to be included in the  
6 datasets used to train the Llama Models or that Meta was required to obtain permission from  
7 Plaintiffs to train the Llama Models on any unspecified content of books they authored.

8 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
9 admits that it did not seek, obtain, or need permission from Plaintiffs to train Llama Models using  
10 Datasets to the extent they included the content of books they purportedly authored. Except as  
11 expressly admitted, Meta denies the Request.

12 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 9:**

13 Admit that You did not compensate Plaintiffs for the inclusion of the content of books they  
14 authored in the Datasets used to train Llama Models.

15 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 9:**

16 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
17 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
18 “compensate” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “compensate” to refer to financial  
19 compensation. Meta objects to the Request as compound insofar as it seeks an admission as to  
20 multiple datasets used to train Llama Models. Meta further objects on the ground that the term  
21 “content of books they authored” is vague, ambiguous, indefinite, undefined, and overbroad in that  
22 it is untethered to the allegedly copyright registered works at issue in this Action. Meta objects to  
23 this Request to the extent it improperly suggests that Meta participated in the selection of the  
24 content of books or other content to be included in the datasets used to train the Llama Models or  
25 that Meta was required to compensate Plaintiffs to train the Llama Models on any unspecified  
26 content of books Plaintiffs authored.

27 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
28 admits that it did not compensate or need to compensate Plaintiffs for the inclusion of the content

1 of books they purportedly authored in the Datasets used to train Llama Models, to the extent those  
2 Datasets included the content of books they purportedly authored. Except as expressly admitted,  
3 Meta denies the Request.

4 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 10:**

5 Admit that You have made Llama 1 available for use by Third Parties.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 10:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
8 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request.

9 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
10 admits that it has made Llama 1 available for use by Third Parties under certain circumstances and  
11 subject to certain terms and restrictions. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies the Request.

12 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 11:**

13 Admit that You have made Llama 2 available for use by Third Parties.

14 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 11:**

15 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
16 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request.

17 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
18 admits that it has made Llama 2 available for use by Third Parties under certain circumstances and  
19 subject to certain terms and restrictions. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies the Request.

20 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 12:**

21 Admit that You have made Llama 3 available for use by Third Parties.

22 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 12:**

23 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
24 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request.

25 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
26 admits that it has made Llama 3 available for use by Third Parties under certain circumstances and  
27 subject to certain terms and restrictions. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies the Request.

28

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 13:**

Admit that you intend to make Llama 4 available for use by Third Parties.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 13:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request as purely speculative and not relevant to the claims or defenses of any party insofar as Meta has not yet released Llama 4.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta admits that it currently intends to make Llama 4 available for use by Third Parties at some point in the future under certain circumstances and subject to certain terms and restrictions. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies the Request.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 14:**

Admit that You have generated revenue from making one or more Llama Models available for use by Third Parties.

**\*CONFIDENTIAL\* RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 14:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the capitalized term “Third Parties,” which is ambiguous and undefined. Meta construes this term to refer to persons who are not named parties to this Action. Meta further objects to this Request on the ground that the terms “generated revenue” and “from making one or more Llama Models available for use by Third Parties” are vague, ambiguous, and undefined. Meta further objects on the ground that this Request is compound.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows:

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 15:**

Admit that You have not disclosed all Datasets used to train Llama Models in response to discovery in this case.

**1 RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 15:**

2 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
 3 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request, including, in particular  
 4 Objection No. 4. Meta objects to this Request as improperly seeking discovery on discovery. Meta  
 5 further objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or  
 6 defenses of any party.

7 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Deny.

**8 REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 16:**

9 Admit that You used the Books3 database as a Dataset to train one or more Llama Models.

**10 RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 16:**

11 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
 12 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
 13 “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “Books3 database” to mean the  
 14 third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. Meta further objects to this Request as compound.

15 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
 16 admits that it has used a portion of the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3 as training  
 17 data to train one or more Llama Models. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

**18 REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 17:**

19 Admit that the Books3 database contains copyrighted works.

**20 RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 17:**

21 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
 22 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
 23 “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “Books3 database” to mean the  
 24 third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it  
 25 calls for a legal conclusion as to “copyrighted works,” and on the ground that it does not specify  
 26 any copyrighted works or otherwise define this term.

27 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
 28 admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more copyrighted

works appears in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text also appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit what is covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those works, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 18:**

Admit that Your use of the Books3 database as a Dataset for training Llama Models was not authorized by all copyright owners of the works contained within the Books3 database.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 18:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “Books3 database” to mean the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request to the extent it improperly suggests that Meta participated in the selection of content to be included in the third-party Books3 dataset or that Meta’s use of the Books3 dataset for training the Llama Models required authorization from the owners of the copyrights in the works contained within that dataset.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta admits that it did not seek, obtain, or need authorization from all owners of any copyrighted works included within the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3 to use that dataset for training Llama Models. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 19:**

Admit that You used the “Library Genesis” database as a Dataset to train one or more Llama Models.

**\*CONFIDENTIAL\* RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 19:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to this Request as compound.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: [REDACTED]

1 [REDACTED]  
2 [REDACTED]  
3 [REDACTED]  
4 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 20:**

5 Admit that the “Library Genesis” database contains copyrighted works.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 20:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
8 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
9 to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion as to “copyrighted works,” and on the ground that it  
10 does not specify any copyrighted works or otherwise define this term.

11 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
12 admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more books appears  
13 in the third-party “Library Genesis” database. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text  
14 also appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit what is  
15 covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those works, Meta denies this RFA.

16 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 21:**

17 Admit that Your use of the “Library Genesis” database as a Dataset for training Llama  
18 Models was not authorized by all copyright owners of the works contained within the “Library  
19 Genesis” database.

20 **\*CONFIDENTIAL\* RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 21:**

21 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
22 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
23 to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request to the extent it suggests  
24 that Meta’s use of data from the third-party “Library Genesis” database for training the Llama  
25 Models required authorization from the owners of the copyrights in the works contained within that  
26 database.

27 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: [REDACTED]  
28 [REDACTED]

1 [REDACTED]  
2 [REDACTED]  
3 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 22:**

4 Admit that You used the database known as “The Pile” as a Dataset to train one or more  
5 Llama Models.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 22:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
8 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “‘The  
9 Pile’ database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “‘The Pile’ database” to mean the  
10 third-party dataset commonly known as The Pile. Meta further objects to this Request as  
11 compound.

12 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
13 admits that it has used some content included in the third-party dataset commonly known as The  
14 Pile as training data to train one or more Llama Models. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies  
15 this Request.

16 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 23:**

17 Admit that the database known as “The Pile” contains copyrighted works.

18 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 23:**

19 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
20 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “‘The  
21 Pile’ database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “‘The Pile’ database” to mean the  
22 third-party dataset commonly known as The Pile. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it  
23 calls for a legal conclusion as to “copyrighted works,” and on the ground that it does not specify  
24 any copyrighted works or otherwise define this term.

25 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
26 admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more books appears  
27 in the third-party dataset commonly known as The Pile. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether  
28 that text also appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit



1 what is covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those works, Meta denies this  
2 RFA.

3 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 24:**

4 Admit that Your use of the database known as “The Pile” as a Dataset for training Llama  
5 Models was not authorized by all copyright owners of the works contained within the “The Pile”  
6 database.

7 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 24:**

8 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
9 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “‘The  
10 Pile’ database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “‘The Pile’ database” to mean the  
11 third-party dataset commonly known as The Pile. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it  
12 calls for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request to the extent it improperly suggests that  
13 Meta participated in the selection of content to be included in the third-party dataset commonly  
14 known as The Pile or that Meta’s use of The Pile for training the Llama Models required  
15 authorization from the owners of the copyrights in the works contained within that dataset.

16 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
17 admits that it did not seek, obtain, or need authorization from all owners of any copyrighted works  
18 included within the third-party The Pile dataset to use that dataset for training Llama Models.  
19 Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

20 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 25:**

21 Admit that You have contacted one or more Person(s) to negotiate licensing of material for  
22 the purpose of training a Llama Model.

23 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 25:**

24 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
25 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the terms  
26 “material” and “licensing” as vague, ambiguous, and indefinite.

1 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
2 admits that it has contacted one or more Persons to discuss an agreement for access to and use of  
3 certain data as training material. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

4 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 26:**

5 Admit that You have contacted one or more copyright owners to negotiate licensing of their  
6 copyrighted material for the purpose of training a Llama Model.

7 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 26:**

8 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
9 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the terms  
10 “copyright owners,” “copyrighted material,” and “licensing” as vague, ambiguous, indefinite, and  
11 calling for a legal conclusion.

12 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
13 admits that it has contacted one or more Persons to discuss an agreement for access to and use of  
14 certain data that may include copyrighted material as training material. Except as expressly  
15 admitted, Meta denies this Request.

16 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 27:**

17 Admit that each Llama Model can generate text outputs similar to copyrighted works in  
18 Datasets used to train each Llama Model.

19 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 27:**

20 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
21 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
22 insofar as it seeks information that is not relevant to any party’s claims or defenses, in particular  
23 the substance of the outputs of the Llama Models. Meta objects to this Request as compound as it  
24 purports to seek an admission as to multiple Llama Models. Meta objects to this Request on the  
25 grounds that the terms “copyrighted works” and “similar to copyrighted works” are vague,  
26 ambiguous, undefined, indefinite, and call for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request as  
27 speculative insofar as it seeks an admission as to whether the Llama Models “can” generate certain  
28 text outputs, regardless of whether they actually do generate those text outputs. Meta objects to the

1 phrase “each Llama Model can generate” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “each Llama  
2 Model can generate” to refer to the capabilities of the final, released versions of Llama 1, Llama 2,  
3 and Llama 3, as construed above. Meta further objects to this Request on the ground that it  
4 constitutes an incomplete hypothetical and calls for speculation.

5 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Deny.

6 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 28:**

7 Admit that You issued a DMCA takedown notice to a Person who made a leaked version  
8 of Llama 1 available for download to third parties.

9 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 28:**

10 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
11 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
12 insofar as it seeks information that is not relevant to any party’s claims or defenses. Meta objects  
13 to the term “leaked version” as vague, ambiguous, and undefined. Meta construes the term “third  
14 parties” synonymously with the defined term Third Parties.

15 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
16 admits that it issued a DMCA takedown notice to a Person who made the Llama 1 weights available  
17 for download to Third Parties other than those Persons authorized to use Llama 1. Except as  
18 expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

19 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 29:**

20 Admit that You received more than 100,000 applications for access to Llama 1.

21 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 29:**

22 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
23 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
24 “applications” as vague and ambiguous.

25 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
26 admits that it received more than 100,000 requests to provide access to Llama 1. Except as  
27 expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

28

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 30:**

Admit that You granted access to Llama 1 to tens of thousands of third-party users.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 30:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta construes “third parties” in this Request synonymously with the defined term Third Parties.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Admit.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 31:**

Admit that You granted access to Llama 2 to tens of thousands of third-party users.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 31:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “granted access” as vague and ambiguous in the context of Llama 2, which is freely available. Meta construes “third parties” in this Request synonymously with the defined term Third Parties.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta admits that Llama 2 is freely available to at least tens of thousands of third-party users. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 32:**

Admit that You granted access to Llama 3 to tens of thousands of third-party users.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 32:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “granted access” as vague and ambiguous in the context of Llama 3, which is freely available. Meta construes “third parties” in this Request synonymously with the defined term Third Parties.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta admits that Llama 3 is freely available to at least tens of thousands of third-party users. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 33:**

Admit that one or more Llama Models were trained using publicly available data.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 33:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “publicly available data” as vague and ambiguous, and will construe the term to mean data that is accessible for free to the general public. Meta further objects to this Request as compound.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Admit.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 34:**

Admit that the publicly available data used to train the Llama Models included copyrighted works.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 34:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “publicly available data” as vague and ambiguous, and will construe the term to mean data that is accessible for free to the general public. Meta objects to this Request to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion as to “copyrighted works,” and on the ground that it does not specify any copyrighted works or otherwise define this term. Meta further objects to this Request as compound.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta admits that the publicly available data used to train the Llama Models included text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more copyrighted works. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text also appeared in the deposit copies submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit what is covered by the corresponding copyright registrations for those works, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 35:**

Admit that Meta has not provided to Plaintiffs a list of works used in the Datasets used to train Llama Models.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 35:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “works” as vague, ambiguous, and indefinite. Meta objects to this Request as it improperly seeking discovery on discovery.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Deny. Meta has produced a list of the content of the third-party Books3 dataset (Meta\_Kadrey\_00000250), which is alleged to include text from each of Plaintiffs’ books that are at issue in the Complaint. Meta is not aware or in possession of any list(s) of the content of any other Datasets used to train the Llama Models, and any such list(s) would not be relevant to the Parties’ claims or defenses nor proportional to the needs of this case. Except as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 36:**

Admit that the toxicity mitigation measures in Llama 2 were identical to those present in Llama 1.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 36:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “toxicity mitigation measures” as vague, ambiguous, and undefined. Meta will construe this term to refer to measures taken or implemented to avoid generating toxic content as outputs.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Deny.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 37:**

Admit that the toxicity mitigation measures in Llama 3 were identical to those present in Llama 2.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 37:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “toxicity mitigation measures” as vague, ambiguous, and undefined. Meta will construe this term to refer to measures taken or implemented to avoid generating toxic content as outputs.

1 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Deny.

2 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 38:**

3 Admit that You store copyrighted material for training Llama Models.

4 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 38:**

5 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
6 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
7 to the extent that it calls for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request on the grounds that  
8 the term “copyrighted material” is vague, ambiguous, undefined, indefinite, and calls for a legal  
9 conclusion. Meta objects to the term “store copyrighted material for training Llama Models” as  
10 vague and ambiguous. Meta also objects on the ground that this Request is overbroad and seeks  
11 information that is not relevant to any party’s claims or defenses. Meta objects to this Request as  
12 compound.

13 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: As  
14 written, Meta is unable to respond to this Request and on that basis denies the Request. Meta is  
15 willing to meet and confer to understand how to interpret this Request.

16 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 39:**

17 Admit that You have not deleted all copyrighted material in Your possession after it is used  
18 for training Llama Models.

19 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 39:**

20 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
21 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. . Meta objects to this Request  
22 on the grounds that the term “copyrighted material” is vague, ambiguous, undefined, indefinite,  
23 and calls for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request to the extent it suggests that Meta  
24 was required to delete copyrighted material used for training LLMs after the material was used to  
25 train its Llama Models. Meta also objects on the ground that this Request is overbroad and seeks  
26 information that is not relevant to any party’s claims or defenses. Meta objects to this Request as  
27 compound.

28 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta

1 admits that it has not deleted all training data used to train its Llama Models in its possession after  
2 that training data was used to train its Llama Models, including, in part, to comply with its  
3 obligations to preserve relevant documents and materials in connection with this Action. Except  
4 as expressly admitted, Meta denies this Request.

5 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 40:**

6 Admit that you reproduced copyrighted material in the training of Llama models.

7 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 40:**

8 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
9 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term  
10 “Llama models” as vague and ambiguous to the extent its meaning is intended to be different from  
11 the defined term “Llama Models.” Meta will construe “Llama models” as the defined term “Llama  
12 Models” as limited and construed above. Meta objects to this Request on the grounds that the terms  
13 “copyrighted material” and “reproduced” are vague, ambiguous, undefined, indefinite, and call for  
14 a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request to the extent it calls for a legal conclusion. Meta  
15 objects to this Request as compound.

16 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Deny.

17 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 41:**

18 Admit that the Llama Models are capable of reproducing copyrighted material.

19 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 41:**

20 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
21 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
22 insofar as it seeks information that is not relevant to any party’s claims or defenses, in particular  
23 the substance of the outputs of the Llama Models. Meta objects to this Request as compound as it  
24 purports to seek an admission as to multiple Llama Models. Meta objects to this Request on the  
25 grounds that the term “copyrighted material” is vague, ambiguous, undefined, indefinite, and calls  
26 for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to this Request as speculative insofar as it seeks an admission  
27 as to whether the Llama Models “are capable of” reproducing certain material, regardless of  
28 whether they actually do reproduce such material. Meta objects to the phrase “the Llama Models



1 are capable of reproducing” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe “the Llama Models are  
2 capable of reproducing” to refer to the capabilities of the final, released versions of Llama 1, Llama  
3 2, and Llama 3, as construed above. Meta further objects to this Request on the ground that it  
4 constitutes an incomplete hypothetical and calls for speculation.

5 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Deny.

6 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 42:**

7 Admit that the Llama Models are programmed, trained, or filtered to avoid reproducing  
8 copyrighted material.

9 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 42:**

10 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
11 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
12 insofar as it seeks information that is not relevant to any party’s claims or defenses, in particular  
13 the substance of the outputs of the Llama Models. Meta objects to this Request as compound as it  
14 purports to seek an admission as to multiple Llama Models. Meta objects to this Request on the  
15 grounds that the term “copyrighted material” is vague, ambiguous, undefined, indefinite, and calls  
16 for a legal conclusion.

17 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
18 admits that it implemented certain risk mitigation measures in the process of developing the Llama  
19 Models to minimize the likelihood that the models would generate undesirable outputs, including  
20 outputs that may reproduce portions of any copyrighted materials. Except as expressly admitted,  
21 Meta denies this Request.

22 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 43:**

23 Admit that the Llama Models that were trained with copyrighted material had at least in  
24 part a commercial purpose.

25 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 43:**

26 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
27 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
28 on the grounds that the term “copyrighted material” is vague, ambiguous, undefined, indefinite,

1 and calls for a legal conclusion. Meta objects to the Request as compound.

2 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
3 admits that Llama 2 and Llama 3 models were made available to the open source community  
4 pursuant to a license that allowed developers to use the models for commercial uses pursuant to  
5 certain terms and conditions. Meta also admits that the data used to train the Llama Models  
6 included text from a published and commercially-available version of one or more copyrighted  
7 works. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text also appeared in the deposit copies  
8 submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimit what is covered by the corresponding  
9 copyright registrations for those works, Meta denies this RFA to the extent it seeks an admission  
10 that the Llama Models were trained with copyrighted material. Except as expressly admitted, Meta  
11 denies this Request.

12 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 44:**

13 Admit that if copyright holders or other content creators demanded that You not use their  
14 content to train Your LLM models, then You would not use their content to train Your LLM models.

15 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 44:**

16 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, including its  
17 own definitions stated therein, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request  
18 on the ground that it constitutes an incomplete hypothetical and as purely speculative.

19 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: As  
20 written, Meta is unable to respond to this Request and on that basis denies the Request. Meta is  
21 willing to meet and confer to understand how to interpret this Request.

22 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 45:**

23 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Richard Kadrey's work *Aloha from Hell*.

24 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 45:**

25 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
26 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
27 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
28 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,

1 commonly known as Books3.

2 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Aloha from Hell*, which is the subject  
3 of Plaintiff Kadrey's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
4 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Aloha*  
5 *from Hell* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
6 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
7 available version of *Aloha from Hell* is included in the third party Books3 dataset. As Meta lacks  
8 knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies  
9 this RFA.

10 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 46:**

11 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Richard Kadrey's work *The Everything*  
12 *Box*.

13 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 46:**

14 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
15 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
16 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
17 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
18 commonly known as Books3.

19 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Everything Box*, which is the  
20 subject of Plaintiff Kadrey's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the  
21 Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy  
22 for *The Everything Box* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by  
23 the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
24 commercially-available version of *The Everything Box* is included in the third party Books3  
25 dataset. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for  
26 this work, Meta denies this RFA.

27 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 47:**

28 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Richard Kadrey's work *Kill the Dead*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 47:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Kill the Dead*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Kadrey’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Kill the Dead* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Kill the Dead* is included in the third-party Books3 dataset. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 48:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Richard Kadrey’s work *The Perdition Score*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 48:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Perdition Score*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Kadrey’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Perdition Score* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and

1 commercially-available version of *The Perdition Score* is included in the third-party dataset  
2 commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in  
3 the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

4 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 49:**

5 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Richard Kadrey's work *Sandman Slim*.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 49:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
8 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
9 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
10 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
11 commonly known as Books3.

12 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Sandman Slim*, which is the subject  
13 of Plaintiff Kadrey's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
14 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for  
15 *Sandman Slim* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
16 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
17 available version of *Sandman Slim* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as  
18 Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for  
19 this work, Meta denies this RFA.

20 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 50:**

21 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Richard Kadrey's work *The Wrong Dead*  
22 *Guy*.

23 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 50:**

24 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
25 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
26 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
27 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
28 commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Wrong Dead Guy*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Kadrey’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Wrong Dead Guy* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Wrong Dead Guy* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 51:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Sarah Silverman’s work *The Bedwetter*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 51:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Bedwetter*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Silverman’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Bedwetter* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Bedwetter* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 52:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Christopher Golden’s work *Ararat*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 52:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are

1 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
 2 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
 3 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
 4 commonly known as Books3.

5 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Ararat*, which is the subject of  
 6 Plaintiff Golden’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
 7 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Ararat*  
 8 submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding  
 9 copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version  
 10 of *Ararat* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks  
 11 knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies  
 12 this RFA.

13 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 53:**

14 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Christopher Golden’s work *Dead*  
 15 *Ringers*.

16 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 53:**

17 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
 18 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
 19 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
 20 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
 21 commonly known as Books3.

22 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Dead Ringers*, which is the subject  
 23 of Plaintiff Golden’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
 24 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Dead*  
 25 *Ringers* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
 26 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
 27 available version of *Dead Ringers* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as  
 28



1 Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for  
2 this work, Meta denies this RFA.

3 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 54:**

4 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Christopher Golden's work *The Pandora*  
5 *Room*.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 54:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
8 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
9 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
10 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
11 commonly known as Books3.

12 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Pandora Room*, which is the  
13 subject of Plaintiff Golden's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the  
14 Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy  
15 for *The Pandora Room* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by  
16 the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
17 commercially-available version of *The Pandora Room* is included in the third-party dataset  
18 commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in  
19 the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

20 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 55:**

21 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Christopher Golden's work *Snowblind*.

22 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 55:**

23 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
24 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
25 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
26 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
27 commonly known as Books3.

28



Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Snowblind*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Golden’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Snowblind* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Snowblind* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 56:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Ta-Nehisi Coates’s work *The Beautiful Struggle*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 56:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Beautiful Struggle*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Coates’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Beautiful Struggle* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Beautiful Struggle* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 57:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Ta-Nehisi Coates’s work *The Water Dancer*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 57:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Water Dancer*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Coates’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Water Dancer* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Water Dancer* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 58:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Ta-Nehisi Coates’s work *We Were Eight Years in Power*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 58:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *We Were Eight Years in Power*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Coates’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *We Were Eight Years in Power* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a

published and commercially-available version of *We Were Eight Years in Power* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 59:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Junot Díaz's work *The Brief Wondrous Life of Oscar Wao*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 59:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Brief Wondrous Life of Oscar Wao*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Díaz's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Brief Wondrous Life of Oscar Wao* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Brief Wondrous Life of Oscar Wao* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 60:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Junot Díaz's work *Drown*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 60:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Drown*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Diaz’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Drown* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Drown* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 61:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Andrew Sean Greer’s work *The Confessions of Max Tivoli*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 61:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Confessions of Max Tivoli*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Greer’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Confessions of Max Tivoli* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Confessions of Max Tivoli* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 62:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Andrew Sean Greer’s work *How It Was For Me*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 62:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *How It Was For Me*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Greer’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *How It Was For Me* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *How It Was For Me* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 63:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Andrew Sean Greer’s work *Less*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 63:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Less*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Greer’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Less* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Less* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to

whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 64:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Andrew Sean Greer’s work *The Path of Minor Planets*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 64:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Path of Minor Planets*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Greer’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *The Path of Minor Planets* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Path of Minor Planets* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 65:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff David Henry Hwang’s work *Golden Child*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 65:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Golden Child*, which is the subject

1 of Plaintiff Hwang’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
2 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Golden*  
3 *Child* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding  
4 copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version  
5 of *Golden Child* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks  
6 knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies  
7 this RFA.

8 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 66:**

9 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff David Henry Hwang’s work *M. Butterfly*.

10 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 66:**

11 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
12 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
13 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
14 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
15 commonly known as Books3.

16 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *M. Butterfly*, which is the subject of  
17 Plaintiff Hwang’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
18 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *M.*  
19 *Butterfly* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
20 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
21 available version of *M. Butterfly* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as  
22 Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for  
23 this work, Meta denies this RFA.

24 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 67:**

25 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff David Henry Hwang’s work *Trying to*  
26 *Find Chinatown*.

27 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 67:**

28 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are



1 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
2 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
3 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
4 commonly known as Books3.

5 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Trying to Find Chinatown*, which is  
6 the subject of Plaintiff Hwang’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained  
7 in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit  
8 copy for *Trying to Find Chinatown* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is  
9 covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
10 commercially-available version of *Trying to Find Chinatown* is included in the third-party dataset  
11 commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in  
12 the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

13 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 68:**

14 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Matthew Klam’s work *Sam the Cat*.

15 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 68:**

16 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
17 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
18 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
19 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
20 commonly known as Books3.

21 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Sam the Cat*, which is the subject of  
22 Plaintiff Klam’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
23 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Sam*  
24 *the Cat* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
25 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
26 available version of *Sam the Cat* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as  
27 Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for  
28 this work, Meta denies this RFA.



**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 69:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Matthew Klam's work *Who is Rich?*

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 69:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Who is Rich?*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Klam's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Who is Rich?* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Who is Rich?* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 70:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Laura Lippman's work *After I'm Gone*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 70:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *After I'm Gone*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Lippman's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *After I'm Gone* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the

1 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
2 available version of *After I'm Gone* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as  
3 Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for  
4 this work, Meta denies this RFA.

5 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 71:**

6 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Laura Lippman's work *In a Strange City*.

7 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 71:**

8 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
9 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
10 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
11 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
12 commonly known as Books3.

13 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *In a Strange City*, which is the  
14 subject of Plaintiff Lippman's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in  
15 the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit  
16 copy for *In a Strange City* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered  
17 by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
18 commercially-available version of *In a Strange City* is included in the third-party dataset commonly  
19 known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit  
20 copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

21 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 72:**

22 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Laura Lippman's work *Lady in the Lake*.

23 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 72:**

24 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
25 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
26 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
27 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
28 commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Lady in the Lake*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Lippman’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Lady in the Lake* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Lady in the Lake* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 73:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Laura Lippman’s work *Sunburn*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 73:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Sunburn*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Lippman’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Sunburn* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Sunburn* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 74:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Laura Lippman’s work *What the Dead Know*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 74:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *What the Dead Know*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Lippman’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *What the Dead Know* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *What the Dead Know* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 75:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Laura Lippman’s work *Wilde Lake*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 75:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Wilde Lake*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Lippman’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Wilde Lake* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Wilde Lake* is included in the third-party dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks

1 knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies  
2 this RFA.

3 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 76:**

4 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Rachel Louise Snyder's work *No Visible*  
5 *Bruises: What We Don't Know About Domestic Violence Can Kill Us*.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 76:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
8 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
9 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
10 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
11 commonly known as Books3.

12 Meta admits that text from *No Visible Bruises: What We Don't Know About Domestic*  
13 *Violence Can Kill Us* is included in the third party dataset Books3 dataset. Except as expressly  
14 admitted, Meta denies this RFA.

15 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 77:**

16 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Lysa TerKeurst's work *Embraced*.

17 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 77:**

18 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
19 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
20 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
21 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
22 commonly known as Books3.

23 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Embraced*, which is the subject of  
24 Plaintiff TerKeurst's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
25 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for  
26 *Embraced* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
27 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
28 available version of *Embraced* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta

1 lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta  
2 denies this RFA.

3 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 78:**

4 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Lysa TerKeurst's work *Unglued*.

5 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 78:**

6 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
7 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
8 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
9 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
10 commonly known as Books3.

11 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Unglued*, which is the subject of  
12 Plaintiff TerKeurst's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
13 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for  
14 *Unglued* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
15 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
16 available version of *Unglued* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks  
17 knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies  
18 this RFA.

19 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 79:**

20 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Lysa TerKeurst's work *Made to Crave*  
21 *Devotional*.

22 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 79:**

23 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
24 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
25 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
26 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
27 commonly known as Books3.

28 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Made to Crave Devotional*, which

1 is the subject of Plaintiff TerKeurst’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is  
2 contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce,  
3 the deposit copy for *Made to Crave Devotional* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which  
4 delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a  
5 published and commercially-available version of *Made to Crave Devotional* is included in the  
6 dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also  
7 included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

8 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 80:**

9 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson’s work *After Tupac*  
10 *& D Foster*.

11 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 80:**

12 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
13 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
14 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
15 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
16 commonly known as Books3.

17 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *After Tupac & D Foster*, which is  
18 the subject of Plaintiff Woodson’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained  
19 in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit  
20 copy for *After Tupac & D Foster* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is  
21 covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
22 commercially-available version of *After Tupac & D Foster* is included in the dataset commonly  
23 known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit  
24 copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

25 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 81:**

26 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson’s work *Another*  
27 *Brooklyn*.

28



**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 81:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Another Brooklyn*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Woodson’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Another Brooklyn* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Another Brooklyn* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 82:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson’s work *Behind You*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 82:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Behind You*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Woodson’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Behind You* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Behind You* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge



1 as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

2 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 83:**

3 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson's work *Beneath a*  
4 *Meth Moon*.

5 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 83:**

6 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
7 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
8 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
9 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
10 commonly known as Books3.

11 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Beneath a Meth Moon*, which is the  
12 subject of Plaintiff Woodson's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in  
13 the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit  
14 copy for *Beneath a Meth Moon* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is  
15 covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
16 commercially-available version of *Beneath a Meth Moon* is included in the dataset commonly  
17 known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit  
18 copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

19 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 84:**

20 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson's work *Brown Girl*  
21 *Dreaming*.

22 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 84:**

23 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
24 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and  
25 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and  
26 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
27 commonly known as Books3.

28 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Brown Girl Dreaming*, which is the

1 subject of Plaintiff Woodson’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in  
2 the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit  
3 copy for *Brown Girl Dreaming* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is  
4 covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
5 commercially-available version of *Brown Girl Dreaming* is included in the dataset commonly  
6 known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit  
7 copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

8 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 85:**

9 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson’s work *Feathers*.

10 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 85:**

11 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
12 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
13 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
14 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
15 commonly known as Books3.

16 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Feathers*, which is the subject of  
17 Plaintiff Woodson’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
18 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for  
19 *Feathers* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the  
20 corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-  
21 available version of *Feathers* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta  
22 lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta  
23 denies this RFA.

24 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 86:**

25 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson’s work *Harbor Me*.

26 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 86:**

27 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
28 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and

1 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
2 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
3 commonly known as Books3.

4 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Harbor Me*, which is the subject of  
5 Plaintiff Woodson’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3  
6 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Harbor*  
7 *Me* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding  
8 copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version  
9 of *Harbor Me* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge  
10 as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

11 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 87:**

12 Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson’s work *If You Come*  
13 *Softly*.

14 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 87:**

15 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
16 applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term “contains” as vague and ambiguous and  
17 unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term “Books3 database” as vague and  
18 ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create,  
19 commonly known as Books3.

20 Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *If You Come Softly*, which is the  
21 subject of Plaintiff Woodson’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in  
22 the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit  
23 copy for *If You Come Softly* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered  
24 by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and  
25 commercially-available version of *If You Come Softly* is included in the dataset commonly known  
26 as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy  
27 for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

28

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 88:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson's work *Miracle's Boys*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 88:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Miracle's Boys*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Woodson's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Miracle's Boys* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Miracle's Boys* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 89:**

Admit that the Books3 database contains Plaintiff Jacqueline Woodson's work *Red at the Bone*.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 89:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to the term "contains" as vague and ambiguous and unintelligible in the context of this RFA. Meta objects to the term "Books3 database" as vague and ambiguous. Meta will construe this term to mean the third party dataset that Meta did not create, commonly known as Books3.

Meta lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Red at the Bone*, which is the subject of Plaintiff Woodson's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in the

Books3 dataset because Meta does not possess, and Plaintiffs failed to produce, the deposit copy for *Red at the Bone* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version of *Red at the Bone* is included in the dataset commonly known as Books3. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

Dated: November 8, 2024

COOLEY LLP

By: /s/Judd Lauter

Bobby Ghajar  
Mark Weinstein  
Kathleen Hartnett  
Judd Lauter  
Liz Stameshkin  
Colette Ghazarian

LEX LUMINA PLLC  
Mark A. Lemley

CLEARY GOTTlieb STEEN &  
HAMILTON LLP  
Angela L. Dunning

Attorneys for Defendant  
META PLATFORMS, INC.

*Full Counsel List*

COOLEY LLP  
PHILLIP MORTON (*pro hac vice*)  
(pmorton@cooley.com)  
COLE A. POPPELL (*pro hac vice*)  
(cpoppell@cooley.com)  
1299 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Suite 700  
Washington, DC 20004-2400  
Telephone: (202) 842-7800

COOLEY LLP  
MATTHEW BRIGHAM (191428)  
(mbrigham@cooley.com)  
JUAN PABLO GONZALEZ (334470)  
(jgonzalez@cooley.com)  
3175 Hanover Street  
Palo Alto, CA 94304-1130  
Telephone: (650) 843-5000

LEX LUMINA PLLC  
MARK A. LEMLEY (155830)  
(mlemley@lex-lumina.com)  
745 Fifth Avenue, Suite 500  
New York, NY 10151  
Telephone: (646) 898-2055

**PROOF OF SERVICE**

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the State of California. I am employed in Santa Clara County, State of California, in the office of a member of the bar of this Court, at whose direction the service was made. I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. My business address is Cooley LLP, 3175 Hanover Street, Palo Alto, California 94304-1130. On the date set forth below I served the documents described below in the manner described below:

- **DEFENDANT META PLATFORMS, INC.'S OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS**



(BY ELECTRONIC MAIL) I am personally and readily familiar with the business practice of Cooley LLP for the preparation and processing of documents in portable document format (PDF) for e-mailing, and I caused said documents to be prepared in PDF and then served by electronic mail to the parties listed below.

on the following part(ies) in this action:

*Service list on next page.*

Executed on November 8, 2024, at Palo Alto, California.

/s/ Jocelyn McIntosh  
Jocelyn McIntosh

**SERVICE LIST**

Joseph R. Saveri  
 Cadio Zirpoli  
 Christopher K.L. Young  
 Holden Benon  
 Louis Andrew Kessler  
 Aaron Cera  
 Margaux Poueymirou  
**JOSEPH SAVERI LAW FIRM, LLP**  
 601 California Street, Suite 1000  
 San Francisco, CA 94108  
 Email: [jsaveri@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:jsaveri@saverilawfirm.com)  
[czirpoli@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:czirpoli@saverilawfirm.com)  
[cyoung@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:cyoung@saverilawfirm.com)  
[hbenon@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:hbenon@saverilawfirm.com)  
[lkessler@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:lkessler@saverilawfirm.com)  
[acera@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:acera@saverilawfirm.com)  
[mpoueymirou@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:mpoueymirou@saverilawfirm.com)

Matthew Butterick  
**MATTHEW BUTTERICK,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW**  
 1920 Hillhurst Avenue, #406  
 Los Angeles, CA 90027  
 Email: [mb@buttericklaw.com](mailto:mb@buttericklaw.com)

*Attorneys for Individual and Representative  
 Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class*

Bryan L. Clobes (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 Alexander J. Sweatman (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 Mohammed Rathur  
**CAFFERTY CLOBES MERIWETHER  
 & SPRENGEL LLP**  
 135 South LaSalle Street, Suite 3210  
 Chicago, IL 60603  
 Email: [bclobes@caffertyclobes.com](mailto:bclobes@caffertyclobes.com)  
[asweatman@caffertyclobes.com](mailto:asweatman@caffertyclobes.com)  
[mrathur@caffertyclobes.com](mailto:mrathur@caffertyclobes.com)

*Attorneys for Individual and Representative  
 Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class*

Joshua I. Schiller, Esq.  
 Maxwell Vaughn Pritt, Esq.  
**BOIES SCHILLE FLEXNER**  
 44 Montgomery Street, 41st Floor  
 San Francisco, CA 94104  
 Email: [jischiller@bsfllp.com](mailto:jischiller@bsfllp.com)  
[mpritt@bsfllp.com](mailto:mpritt@bsfllp.com)

David Boise, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**BOIES SCHILLER FLEXNER**  
 333 Main Street  
 Armonk, NY 10504  
 Email: [dboies@bsfllp.com](mailto:dboies@bsfllp.com)

Jesse Panuccio (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**BOIES SCHILLER FLEXNER**  
 1401 New York Ave. NW  
 Washington, DC 20005  
 Email: [jpanuccio@bsfllp.com](mailto:jpanuccio@bsfllp.com)

*Attorneys for Individual and Representative  
 Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class*

Brian O'Mara  
**DiCELLO LEVITT LLP**  
 4747 Executive Drive, Suite 240  
 San Diego, CA 92121  
 Email: [BrianO@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:BrianO@dicellolevitt.com)

Amy Keller (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 James A. Ulwick (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 Nada Djordjevic (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**DiCELLO LEVITT LLP**  
 10 North Dearborn St., Sixth Floor  
 Chicago, IL 60602  
 Email: [akeller@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:akeller@dicellolevitt.com)  
[julwick@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:julwick@dicellolevitt.com)  
[ndjordjevic@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:ndjordjevic@dicellolevitt.com)

David A. Straite (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**DiCELLO LEVITT LLP**  
 485 Lexington Avenue, Suite 1001  
 New York, NY 10017  
 Email: [dstraite@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:dstraite@dicellolevitt.com)

*Attorneys for Plaintiff Lysa TerKeurst*

1 Elizabeth J. Cabraser, Esq.  
2 Daniel M. Hutchinson, Esq.  
3 Reilly T. Stoler, Esq.  
4 **LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN &**  
5 **BERNSTEIN, LLP**  
6 275 Battery Street, 29th Floor  
San Francisco, CA 94111-3339  
Telephone: (415) 956-1000  
Email: [ecabraser@lchb.com](mailto:ecabraser@lchb.com)  
[dhutchinson@lchb.com](mailto:dhutchinson@lchb.com)  
[rstoler@lchb.com](mailto:rstoler@lchb.com)

7 Rachel Geman  
8 **LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN &**  
9 **BERNSTEIN, LLP**  
10 250 Hudson Street, 8th Floor  
New York, New York 10013-1413  
Telephone: (212) 355-9500  
Email: [rgeman@lchb.com](mailto:rgeman@lchb.com)

11 Attorneys for Plaintiff *Christopher Farnsworth*  
12 and Representative Plaintiffs and the Proposed  
13 Class

Nancy Evelyn Wolff  
**COWAN DEBAETS ABRAHAMS &**  
**SHEPPARD LLP**  
9454 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 901  
Beverly Hills, CA 90212  
Telephone: (310) 340-6334  
Fax: (310) 492-4394  
Email: [NWolff@cdas.com](mailto:NWolff@cdas.com)

Scott J. Sholder  
CeCe M. Cole  
**COWAN DEBAETS ABRAHAMS &**  
**SHEPPARD LLP**  
60 Broad Street, 30th Floor  
New York, New York 10004  
Telephone: (212) 974-7474  
Email: [ssholder@cdas.com](mailto:ssholder@cdas.com)  
[ccole@cdas.com](mailto:ccole@cdas.com)

Attorneys for Plaintiff *Christopher Farnsworth*  
and Representative Plaintiffs and the Proposed  
Class



1 COOLEY LLP  
BOBBY GHAJAR (198719)  
2 (bghajar@cooley.com)  
TERESA MICHAUD (296329)  
3 (tmichaud@cooley.com)  
COLETTE GHAZARIAN (322235)  
4 (cghazarian@cooley.com)  
1333 2nd Street, Suite 400  
5 Santa Monica, California 90401  
Telephone: (310) 883-6400  
6  
MARK WEINSTEIN (193043)  
7 (mweinstein@cooley.com)  
KATHLEEN HARTNETT (314267)  
8 (khartnett@cooley.com)  
JUDD LAUTER (290945)  
9 (jlauter@cooley.com)  
ELIZABETH L. STAMESHKIN (260865)  
10 (lstameshkin@cooley.com)  
3175 Hanover Street  
11 Palo Alto, CA 94304-1130  
Telephone: (650) 843-5000

12 CLEARY GOTTlieb STEEN & HAMILTON LLP  
ANGELA L. DUNNING (212047)  
13 (adunning@cgsh.com)  
1841 Page Mill Road, Suite 250  
14 Palo Alto, CA 94304  
Telephone: (650) 815-4131

15 *[Full Listing on Signature Page]*

16 *Counsel for Defendant Meta Platforms, Inc.*

17 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
18 **NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
19 **SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION**

20 RICHARD KADREY, *et al.*,  
21 Individual and Representative  
22 Plaintiffs,  
23 v.  
24 META PLATFORMS, INC., a Delaware  
corporation;  
25 Defendant.  
26

Case No. 3:23-cv-03417-VC

**DEFENDANT META PLATFORMS, INC.'S  
OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO  
PLAINTIFFS' SECOND SET OF REQUESTS  
FOR ADMISSIONS**

**PROPOUNDING PARTY:** PLAINTIFFS RICHARD KADREY, SARAH SILVERMAN, CHRISTOPHER GOLDEN, TA-NEHISI COATES, JUNOT DÍAZ, ANDREW SEAN GREER, DAVID HENRY HWANG, MATTHEW KLAM, LAURA LIPPMAN, RACHEL LOUISE SNYDER, JACQUELINE WOODSON, LYSA TERKEURST, AND CHRISTOPHER FARNSWORTH

**RESPONDING PARTY:** DEFENDANT META PLATFORMS, INC.

**SET NUMBER:** SECOND

Pursuant to Rule 36 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (“Rules”), Defendant Meta Platforms, Inc. (“Meta”) responds as follows to Plaintiffs Richard Kadrey, Sarah Silverman, Christopher Golden, Ta-Nehisi Coates, Junot Díaz, Andrew Sean Greer, David Henry Hwang, Matthew Klam, Laura Lippman, Rachel Louise Snyder, Jacqueline Woodson, Lysa TerKeurst, and Christopher Farnsworth’s Second Set of Requests for Admissions (“Requests”).

#### **I. OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO ALL REQUESTS**

1. Meta’s responses to the Requests are made to the best of Meta’s present knowledge, information, and belief. Said responses are at all times subject to such additional or different information that discovery or further investigation may disclose, and Meta reserves the right to amend, revise, correct, supplement, or clarify the responses and objections propounded herein.

2. To the extent a Request seeks information that Meta deems to embody material that is private, business confidential, proprietary, trade secret, or otherwise protected from disclosure pursuant to Rule 26(c) and/or Federal Rule of Evidence 501, Meta will only provide such information subject to, and in accordance with, the parties’ stipulated protective order (ECF No. 90, the “Protective Order”).

3. The provision of a response to any of these Requests does not constitute a waiver of any objection regarding the use of said response in these proceedings. Meta reserves all objections or other questions as to the competency, relevance, materiality, privilege or admissibility as evidence in any subsequent proceeding in or trial of this or any other action for any purpose whatsoever of this response and any document or thing produced in response to the Requests.

4. Meta objects to Plaintiffs’ Requests insofar as the numbering of the Requests overlaps with the numbering of Plaintiffs’ First Set of Requests for Admissions. To avoid

1 confusion, Meta has numbered its responses consecutively based on Plaintiffs' First Set of Requests  
2 for Admissions, beginning with "Request for Admission No. 90."

3       **5.** Meta reserves the right to object on any ground at any time to such other or  
4 supplemental requests for admission that Plaintiffs may propound involving or relating to the  
5 subject matter of these Requests.

## 6 **II. OBJECTIONS TO INSTRUCTIONS AND DEFINITIONS**

7 Whether or not separately set forth in response to each Request, Meta makes these  
8 objections to the following Instructions and Definitions.

9       **1.** Meta objects to the definition of "You," "Your," and "Meta Platforms" as  
10 overbroad, unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to the needs of the case to the extent that it  
11 purports to require Meta to produce documents outside of its possession, custody, or control. Meta  
12 construes "Meta" or "You" to mean Meta Platforms, Inc.

13       **2.** Meta objects to Instruction 1 as vague and ambiguous as to "Plaintiffs' Second Set  
14 of Requests for Production of Documents," as Plaintiffs also served "Plaintiffs' Corrected Second  
15 Set of Requests for Production" on the same day, March 20, 2024. Meta further objects to  
16 Instruction 1 to the extent that the instructions set forth in Plaintiffs' Second Set of Requests for  
17 Production of Documents are inapplicable to responding to requests for admission. To the extent  
18 those instructions are applicable to responding to the Requests, Meta incorporates its Objections to  
19 Instructions and Definitions set forth in its Objections and Responses to Plaintiffs' Corrected  
20 Second Set of Requests for Production of Documents.

21       **3.** Meta objects to Instruction 2 as overbroad and unduly burdensome to the extent that  
22 it purports to require more of Meta than any obligation imposed by law. Meta also objects to this  
23 instruction on the ground that it improperly demands narrative responses, which are the proper  
24 subject not of requests for admissions but of interrogatories, and thereby seeks to circumvent the  
25 interrogatory limit.

26       **4.** Meta objects to Instruction No. 5 as vague, ambiguous, and unintelligible. Meta  
27 will answer the Requests as provided under Rule 36(a)(4).  
28

1           5.       Meta objects to Instruction Nos. 8 and 9 as overbroad and unduly burdensome to the  
2 extent that they purport to require more of Meta than any obligation imposed by law.

3           6.       Meta objects to Instruction 10 as overbroad and unduly burdensome to the extent  
4 that it purports to require more of Meta than any obligation imposed by law. Meta also objects to  
5 this instruction on the ground that it improperly demands narrative responses, which are the proper  
6 subject not of requests for admissions but of interrogatories, and thereby seeks to circumvent the  
7 interrogatory limit.

### 8       **III.     OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO INDIVIDUAL DOCUMENT REQUESTS**

#### 9       **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 90:**

10           Admit that *Blood Oath* by Christopher Farnsworth was included in a dataset used to train  
11 Your large language models.

#### 12       **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 90:**

13           Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
14 applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague,  
15 ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to  
16 the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models (“LLMs”) that  
17 were not publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of  
18 Plaintiffs’ allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term “large language models” to mean  
19 the models within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta,  
20 namely, Llama 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4.

21           Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
22 lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Blood Oath*, which is the subject of Plaintiff  
23 Farnsworth’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in a dataset used to  
24 train Meta’s large language models because Plaintiff Farnsworth has not produced, and Meta does  
25 not possess, the deposit copy for *Blood Oath* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits  
26 what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published  
27 and commercially-available version of *Blood Oath* is included in a dataset used to train Meta’s  
28 large language models, as that term is construed above. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether

1 that text (or all of that text) is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

2 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 91:**

3 Admit that *The President's Vampire* by Christopher Farnsworth was included in a dataset  
4 used to train Your large language models.

5 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 91:**

6 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
7 applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague,  
8 ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to  
9 the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not  
10 publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs’  
11 allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term “large language models” to mean the models  
12 within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama  
13 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4.

14 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
15 lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The President's Vampire*, which is the subject of  
16 Plaintiff Farnsworth’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in a dataset  
17 used to train Meta’s large language models because Plaintiff Farnsworth has not produced, and  
18 Meta does not possess, Meta does not possess the deposit copy for *The President's Vampire*  
19 submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding  
20 copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published and commercially-available version  
21 of *The President's Vampire* is included in a dataset used to train Meta’s large language models, as  
22 that term is construed above. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text (or all of that text)  
23 is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

24 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 92:**

25 Admit that *Red, White, and Blood* by Christopher Farnsworth was included in a dataset used  
26 to train Your large language models.

27 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 92:**

28 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are

1 applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague,  
2 ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to  
3 the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not  
4 publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs’  
5 allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes “large language models” to mean the models within  
6 the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama 1, Llama  
7 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4. Meta further objects to this Request on the ground that the  
8 referenced work, *Red, White, and Blood*, is not alleged to be at issue in this action.

9 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 93:**

10 Admit that *The Burning Men: A Nathaniel Cade Story* by Christopher Farnsworth was  
11 included in a dataset used to train Your large language models.

12 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 93:**

13 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
14 applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague,  
15 ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to  
16 the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not  
17 publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs’  
18 allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term “large language models” to mean the models  
19 within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama  
20 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4. Meta further objects to this Request on the ground  
21 that the referenced work, *The Burning Men: A Nathaniel Cade Story* is not alleged to be at issue in  
22 this action.

23 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 94:**

24 Admit that *The Eternal World* by Christopher Farnsworth was included in a dataset used to  
25 train Your large language models.

26 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 94:**

27 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
28 applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague,

1 ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to  
2 the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not  
3 publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs'  
4 allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term "large language models" to mean the models  
5 within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama  
6 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4.

7 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
8 lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *The Eternal World*, which is the subject of  
9 Plaintiff Farnsworth's claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in a dataset  
10 used to train Meta's large language models because Plaintiff Farnsworth has not produced, and  
11 Meta does not possess, the deposit copy for *The Eternal World* submitted to the U.S. Copyright  
12 Office, which delimits what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits  
13 that text from a published and commercially-available version of *The Eternal World* is included in  
14 a dataset used to train Meta's large language models, as that term is construed above. As Meta  
15 lacks knowledge as to whether that text (or all of that text) is also included in the deposit copy for  
16 this work, Meta denies this RFA.

17 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 95:**

18 Admit that *Killfile* by Christopher Farnsworth was included in a dataset used to train Your  
19 large language models.

20 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 95:**

21 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
22 applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term "large language models" as vague,  
23 ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to  
24 the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not  
25 publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs'  
26 allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term "large language models" to mean the models  
27 within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama  
28



1 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4. Meta further objects to this Request on the ground  
2 that the referenced work, *Killfile*, is not alleged to be at issue in this action.

3 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 96:**

4 Admit that *Flashmob* by Christopher Farnsworth was included in a dataset used to train  
5 Your large language models.

6 **RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 96:**

7 Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are  
8 applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague,  
9 ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to  
10 the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not  
11 publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs’  
12 allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term “large language models” to mean the models  
13 within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama  
14 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4.

15 Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: Meta  
16 lacks information sufficient to admit or deny that *Flashmob*, which is the subject of Plaintiff  
17 Farnsworth’s claim and allegedly subject to copyright protection, is contained in a dataset used to  
18 train Meta’s large language models because Plaintiff Farnsworth has not produced, and Meta does  
19 not possess, the deposit copy for *Flashmob* submitted to the U.S. Copyright Office, which delimits  
20 what is covered by the corresponding copyright registration. Meta admits that text from a published  
21 and commercially-available version of *Flashmob* is included in a dataset used to train Meta’s large  
22 language models, as that term is construed above. As Meta lacks knowledge as to whether that text  
23 (or all of that text) is also included in the deposit copy for this work, Meta denies this RFA.

24 **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 97:**

25 Admit that *Deep State: A Nathaniel Cade Story* by Christopher Farnsworth was included in  
26 a dataset used to train Your large language models.

27  
28



**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 97:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague, ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs’ allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term “large language models” to mean the models within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4. Meta further objects to this Request on the ground that the referenced work, *Deep State: A Nathaniel Cade Story*, is not alleged to be at issue in this action.

**REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 98:**

Admit that you used books sourced from Books3 to train one or more of your large language models.

**RESPONSE TO REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 98:**

Meta incorporates by reference its Objections to Instructions and Definitions, which are applicable to this Request. Meta objects to this Request and vague, ambiguous, and unintelligible, as written. It is not clear to Meta what it means to use “books sourced from Books3.” Meta further objects to the term “large language models” as vague, ambiguous, and undefined, as well as overbroad, and unduly burdensome, and disproportionate to the needs of the case to the extent that it purports to include large language models that were not publicly released and/or were not trained on corpuses of text that allegedly include any of Plaintiffs’ allegedly copyrighted works. Meta construes the term “large language models” to mean the models within the Llama family of LLMs that have been or are being developed by Meta, namely, Llama 1, Llama 2, Code Llama, Llama 3, and Llama 4.

Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Meta responds as follows: As written, Meta does not understand this Request and, on that basis, denies the Request. Meta is willing to meet and confer to understand how to interpret this Request.

Dated: November 18, 2024

COOLEY LLP

By: /s/Judd Lauter

Bobby Ghajar  
Mark Weinstein  
Kathleen Hartnett  
Teresa Michaud  
Judd Lauter  
Liz Stameshkin  
Colette Ghazarian

*Full Counsel List*

COOLEY LLP  
PHILLIP MORTON (*pro hac vice*)  
(pmorton@cooley.com)  
COLE A. POPPELL (*pro hac vice*)  
(cpoppell@cooley.com)  
1299 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Suite 700  
Washington, DC 20004-2400  
Telephone: (202) 842-7800

LEX LUMINA PLLC  
Mark A. Lemley  
CLEARY GOTTlieb STEEN &  
HAMILTON LLP  
Angela L. Dunning

Attorneys for Defendant  
META PLATFORMS, INC.

COOLEY LLP  
MATTHEW BRIGHAM (191428)  
(mbrigham@cooley.com)  
JUAN PABLO GONZALEZ (334470)  
(jgonzalez@cooley.com)  
3175 Hanover Street  
Palo Alto, CA 94304-1130  
Telephone: (650) 843-5000

LEX LUMINA PLLC  
MARK A. LEMLEY (155830)  
(mlemley@lex-lumina.com)  
745 Fifth Avenue, Suite 500  
New York, NY 10151  
Telephone: (646) 898-2055

**PROOF OF SERVICE**

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the State of California. I am employed in Los Angeles County, State of California, in the office of a member of the bar of this Court, at whose direction the service was made. I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. My business address is Cooley LLP, 355 South Grand Avenue, Suite 900, Los Angeles, CA 90071. On the date set forth below I served the documents described below in the manner described below:

- **DEFENDANT META PLATFORMS, INC.'S OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS**



(BY ELECTRONIC MAIL) I am personally and readily familiar with the business practice of Cooley LLP for the preparation and processing of documents in portable document format (PDF) for e-mailing, and I caused said documents to be prepared in PDF and then served by electronic mail to the parties listed below.

on the following part(ies) in this action:

*Service list on next page.*

Executed on November 18, 2024, at Los Angeles, California.

/s/Jerry Gonzalez  
Jerry Gonzalez

**SERVICE LIST**

Joseph R. Saveri  
 Cadio Zirpoli  
 Christopher K.L. Young  
 Holden Benon  
 Louis Andrew Kessler  
 Aaron Cera  
 Margaux Poueymirou  
**JOSEPH SAVERI LAW FIRM, LLP**  
 601 California Street, Suite 1000  
 San Francisco, CA 94108  
 Email: [jsaveri@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:jsaveri@saverilawfirm.com)  
[czirpoli@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:czirpoli@saverilawfirm.com)  
[cyoung@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:cyoung@saverilawfirm.com)  
[hbenon@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:hbenon@saverilawfirm.com)  
[lkessler@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:lkessler@saverilawfirm.com)  
[acera@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:acera@saverilawfirm.com)  
[mpoueymirou@saverilawfirm.com](mailto:mpoueymirou@saverilawfirm.com)

Matthew Butterick  
**MATTHEW BUTTERICK,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW**  
 1920 Hillhurst Avenue, #406  
 Los Angeles, CA 90027  
 Email: [mb@buttericklaw.com](mailto:mb@buttericklaw.com)

*Attorneys for Individual and Representative  
 Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class*

Bryan L. Clobes (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 Alexander J. Sweatman (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 Mohammed Rathur (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**CAFFERTY CLOBES MERIWETHER  
 & SPRENGEL LLP**  
 135 South LaSalle Street, Suite 3210  
 Chicago, IL 60603  
 Email: [bclobes@caffertyclobes.com](mailto:bclobes@caffertyclobes.com)  
[asweatman@caffertyclobes.com](mailto:asweatman@caffertyclobes.com)  
[mrathur@caffertyclobes.com](mailto:mrathur@caffertyclobes.com)

*Attorneys for Individual and Representative  
 Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class*

Joshua I. Schiller, Esq.  
 Maxwell Vaughn Pritt, Esq.  
**BOIES SCHILLER FLEXNER**  
 44 Montgomery Street, 41st Floor  
 San Francisco, CA 94104  
 Email: [jischiller@bsfllp.com](mailto:jischiller@bsfllp.com)  
[mpritt@bsfllp.com](mailto:mpritt@bsfllp.com)

David Boies, Esq. (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**BOIES SCHILLER FLEXNER**  
 333 Main Street  
 Armonk, NY 10504  
 Email: [dboies@bsfllp.com](mailto:dboies@bsfllp.com)

Jesse Panuccio (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**BOIES SCHILLER FLEXNER**  
 1401 New York Ave. NW  
 Washington, DC 20005  
 Email: [jpanuccio@bsfllp.com](mailto:jpanuccio@bsfllp.com)

*Attorneys for Individual and Representative  
 Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class*

Brian O'Mara  
**DiCELLO LEVITT LLP**  
 4747 Executive Drive, Suite 240  
 San Diego, CA 92121  
 Email: [BrianO@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:BrianO@dicellolevitt.com)

Amy Keller (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 James A. Ulwick (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
 Nada Djordjevic (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**DiCELLO LEVITT LLP**  
 10 North Dearborn St., Sixth Floor  
 Chicago, IL 60602  
 Email: [akeller@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:akeller@dicellolevitt.com)  
[julwick@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:julwick@dicellolevitt.com)  
[ndjordjevic@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:ndjordjevic@dicellolevitt.com)

David A. Straite (admitted *pro hac vice*)  
**DiCELLO LEVITT LLP**  
 485 Lexington Avenue, Suite 1001  
 New York, NY 10017  
 Email: [dstraite@dicellolevitt.com](mailto:dstraite@dicellolevitt.com)

*Attorneys for Plaintiff Lysa TerKeurst*

1 Elizabeth J. Cabraser, Esq.  
2 Daniel M. Hutchinson, Esq.  
3 Reilly T. Stoler, Esq.  
4 **LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN &**  
5 **BERNSTEIN, LLP**  
6 275 Battery Street, 29th Floor  
7 San Francisco, CA 94111-3339  
8 Telephone: (415) 956-1000  
9 Email: [ecabraser@lchb.com](mailto:ecabraser@lchb.com)  
10 [dhutchinson@lchb.com](mailto:dhutchinson@lchb.com)  
11 [rstoler@lchb.com](mailto:rstoler@lchb.com)

12 Rachel Geman  
13 **LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN &**  
14 **BERNSTEIN, LLP**  
15 250 Hudson Street, 8th Floor  
16 New York, New York 10013-1413  
17 Telephone: (212) 355-9500  
18 Email: [rgeman@lchb.com](mailto:rgeman@lchb.com)

19 *Attorneys for Plaintiff Christopher Farnsworth*  
20 *and Representative Plaintiffs and the Proposed*  
21 *Class*

22 310642454

Nancy Evelyn Wolff  
**COWAN DEBAETS ABRAHAMS &**  
**SHEPPARD LLP**  
9454 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 901  
Beverly Hills, CA 90212  
Telephone: (310) 340-6334  
Fax: (310) 492-4394  
Email: [NWolff@cdas.com](mailto:NWolff@cdas.com)

Scott J. Sholder  
CeCe M. Cole  
**COWAN DEBAETS ABRAHAMS &**  
**SHEPPARD LLP**  
60 Broad Street, 30th Floor  
New York, New York 10004  
Telephone: (212) 974-7474  
Email: [ssholder@cdas.com](mailto:ssholder@cdas.com)  
[ccole@cdas.com](mailto:ccole@cdas.com)

*Attorneys for Plaintiff Christopher Farnsworth*  
*and Representative Plaintiffs and the Proposed*  
*Class*